processing of silver-cobalt ores and concentrates at its plant at Cobalt, Ont.; by International Nickel at Copper Cliff, Ont., in the treatment of nickel-copper concentrates; by Hollinger Consolidated Gold Mines, Limited at Timmins, Ont., from gold precipitates; and by the Royal Canadian Mint at Ottawa, from gold bullion.

The two largest sources of silver in Canada are the Hector-Calumet, Elsa, Keno and Silver King silver-lead-zinc mines in the Yukon Territory about 200 miles north of Whitehorse, operated by United Keno Hill Mines Limited, and the Sullivan lead-zinc-silver mine at Kimberley, B.C., operated by Cominco Limited. Other important producers of by-product silver included Echo Bay Mines Limited near Port Radium, N.W.T.; Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Co., Limited at Flin Flon, Man.; Noranda Mines Limited (Geco Division) at Manitouwadge, Ont.; Lake Dufault Mines, Limited near Noranda, Que.; Brunswick Mining and Smelting Corporation Limited near Bathurst, N.B.; and American Smelting and Refining Company (Buchans Unit) in Newfoundland. Some 6,100,000 oz.t. of silver were derived from silver-cobalt ores mined in the Cobalt and Gowganda areas of Ontario, the largest producer being Silverfields Mining Corporation Limited with an output exceeding 1,000,000 oz.t.

16.—Producers' Shipments of Silver, by Province, and Total Value, 1956-65

Nove.—Figures from 1887 are given in the corresponding table of previous Year Books beginning with the 1916-17 edition.

Year	Average Price per oz.t. (Canadian funds)	New- foundland	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba
	cts.	oz.t.	oz.t.	oz.t.	oz.t.	oz.t.	oz.t.
1956. 1957. 1958. 1959. 1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965p.	89.67 87.37 86.81 87.78 88.91 94.26 116.50 138.40 140.00 139.40	957, 125 1, 196, 414 1, 267, 078 1, 125, 110 1, 271, 126 1, 145, 105 1, 181, 648 981, 005 1, 089, 748 1, 127, 980	92,859 1 4 724,245 423,189 544,224 400,000	18, 182 379, 173 51, 139 — — — — 178, 521 332, 472 1, 469, 192 2, 914, 600	4,033,966 3,645,856 3,908,31 4,103,241 4,115,105 4,315,844 4,603,019 4,141,644 4,564,559 5,315,163	6,626,447 6,910,130 9,815,257 10,540,856 11,220,823 8,870,402 9,383,445 9,601,621 9,929,858 11,203,506	430, 124 407, 834 320, 759 373, 827 501, 637 767, 543 847, 879 766, 976 727, 642 697, 389
		Saskat- cbewap	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Canada ¹	
		CLEWAL	Conditions	remony	Territoria	Quantity	Value
		oz.t.	oz.t.	oz.t.	02.t.	oz.t.	\$
1956. 1957. 1958. 1959. 1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1964.		876, 450 762, 215 746, 683 593, 320	8, 901, 398 8, 584, 991 8, 013, 428 7, 463, 265 8, 447, 440 6, 186, 937 6, 451, 158 5, 280, 129 4, 851, 193	6,192,703 6,484,185 6,415,560 7,054,632 7,217,361 6,937,086 6,482,244 6,103,037 5,638,712 4,495,121	69,916 69,104 72,779 70,510 79,473 77,890 72,802 81,203 65,223 1,274,200	28, 431, 847 28, 823, 298 31, 163, 479 31, 923, 969 31, 016, 829 31, 381, 977 30, 422, 972 29, 932, 932 29, 902, 611 32, 964, 299	25, 497, 681 25, 182, 915 27, 053, 007 28, 022, 860 30, 244, 363 29, 580, 651 35, 442, 761 41, 425, 891 41, 863, 655 46, 117, 054

¹ Includes relatively small quantities produced in Alberta.

Platinum Metals.—Canadian production of the platinum metals in 1965 amounted to 452,063 oz.t. valued at \$35,678,078, an increase of 75,825 oz.t. and \$10,273,961 over 1964. The increase resulted from higher nickel production. Platinum group metals—platinum, palladium, rhodium, ruthenium, iridium and osmium—occur in Canadian nickel ores to the extent of about 0.025 oz.t. per ton of ore. In the treatment of these ores for nickel, the platinum metals follow nickel and are eventually removed as sludges from the electrolytic tanks in which nickel cathodes have been formed. The sludge is purified and sent to precious metal refineries in Britain and the United States for recovery of the platinum metals.